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THE IMPACT OF USERS ACTIVITIES ON PURCHASE BEHAVIOR IN SOCIAL MEDIA ENVIRONMENT

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Introduction

 The interpersonal communication via a virtual environment has become a daily routine of every consumer and they are more inclined towards shopping experiences through the social media.

The aim of this paper:

- is to determine the purchase intentions and attitude of social media users as well as repurchase attitudes and satisfaction with the purchase via social media;
- is to define the influence of ads and notifications on their final purchase decision.
- The purpose of this paper is to analyze how social media activities impact on the users' purchase behavior.



Literature review

- Social media provides functionality and convenience in accessing information, a wider selection and comparison of products, competitive pricing, cost reduction, and product diversity (Bayo-Moriones and Lera-Lopez, 2007).
- Wang and Wei (2012) found that social media influence on consumers purchasing decisions in two ways: directly by conformity with peers and indirectly by reinforcing product involvement.
- One of the forms from social media activities is word of mouth (eWOM)
 that are increasingly changing consumers' online purchase decision-making
 (Pan and Chiou, 2011; Cong and Zheng, 2017).
- Positive relation between purchase intentions and eWOM characteristics were found (Do-Hyung et al., 2007; Tseng, et. al. 2014; Bataineh, 2015).



Literature review

- Consumer reviews have significant impacts on consumer purchase decisions (Chevalier and Mayzlin, 2006; Duan, et al., 2008; Forman, et al., 2008.).
- The reviews and comments on social media site from previous consumers influence on users making purchase decisions (Hinz et al., 2011).
- *Erkan and Evans (2016)* stated that the characteristics as quality, credibility, usefulness, and adoption of information, needs of information and attitude towards information are the key factors of eWOM in a social media and that influence on consumers' purchase intentions.

Research methodology

- The author tries to analyze the differences in online purchase behavior in the context of social media.
- Data was collected through a survey questionnaire using the sample of Facebook social media users.
- The users of Facebook users can provide a good foundation for marketers' activities in order to target social media users effectively.
- The empirical survey was carried out in June 2018.
- Collected data were analyzed using the software packages for processing qualitative and quantitative data of social research - SPSS 20.



- Before using the factor analysis:
 - Results show a high value of the Cronbach's alpha coefficient
 (0.924) indicating high reliability of the measurement scale.
 - The value of the Kaiser-Meyer-Olkin test was very high (KMO=0.871) and the Bartlett test of sphericity was statistically significant ($\alpha \le 0.05$).
 - The Bartlett test of sphericity indicated the statistical probability that the correlation matrix has significant correlations between at least some of the variables, while the Kaiser-Meyer-Olkin test measure of sampling adequacy showed acceptable sampling adequacy.



The construct of the convergent and discriminant validity of the measurement scale was examined through confirmatory factor analysis with Varimax rotation. Two factors with eigenvalues above 1 were extracted. These variables explain 63.74% of the total variance that indicates that the factor model is suitable for further analysis.

	Initial eigenvalues			Rotation Sums of Squared Loadings			
	Total	Variance %	Cumula tive %	Total	Variance %	Cumulati ve %	
1	6,39	53,28	53,28	6,39	53,28	53,28	
2	1,25	10,45	63,74	1,25	10,45	63,74	



Factor Credibility

- *significant difference*, that consumer who are following and trust reviews and comments have a positive attitude towards purchasing via social media.

Factor Personalization

- *significant diffeernce*, these users who are looking to improve interactions on social media have positive purchase attitudes.

Table 4: Analysis of variance between credibility and personalization and attitude toward purchasing via social media (N=504)

	Sum of squares	df	Mean square	F	Sig.
Credibility	90,33	4	22,58	27,30	,000
Personalization	353,06	4	37,48	52,97	,000



-Factor Credibility

-significant differences, these consumers are more inclined toward purchasing via social media due to the possibility of browsing the reviews and comments of previous consumers.

-Factor Personalization

-significant differences, users who have a stronger need to create personalized interactions via social media will be more inclined to make a purchase.

Table 5: Analysis of variance between credibility and personalization and intention toward purchasing via social media (N=504)

	Sum of squares	df	Mean square	F	Sig.
Credibility	95,87	4	23,96	29,37	,000
Personalization	96,85	4	24,21	29,74	,000



- Factor Credibility

- significant differences, users who based their purchase only on reviews and comments will be more satisfied with the purchase via social media.

Factor Personalization

 significant differences, these users are generally satisfied with the purchase probably because they created an individual interaction and therefore achieved a unique and personalized approach via social media.

Table 6: Analysis of variance between the factor of credibility and personalization and satisfaction toward purchasing via social (N=504)

	Sum of	df	Mean	F	Sig.
	squares		square		
Credibility	73,85	4	18,46	21,46	,000
Personalization	76,78	4	19,19	22,47	,000



-Factor Credibility

-significant differences, these users will make purchases again based on the reviews and comments from the consumers who already have experience with a particular product.

-Factor Personalization

- significant difference, users who are using social media for personal interactions, show the characteristics of satisfying users and they will be willing to repeat a purchase via social media.

Table 7: Analysis of variance between credibility and personalization and repurchase via social media (N=504)

Sum of df Sig. Mean square squares Credibility 76,14 19,03 22,25 ,000 4 Personalization 124,05 31,01 40,84 ,000



-Factor Credibility

-significant difference, these users are significantly influenced by the ads and notifications in a social media environment.

-Factor Personalization

-significant difference, these consumers regardless of whether they are following the reviews and comments have stated that ads and notifications received through social networks significantly influence their purchase decision

Table 8: Analysis of variance between credibility and personalization and the impact of ads and notifications on the user's purchase decision

	Sum of squares	df	Mean square	F	Sig.
Credibility	203,64	4	50,91	84,86	,000
Personalization	73,9	4	18,48	21,50	,000



Conclusion

- Social media users have two main activities in purchasing decison process:
 - the first type of activities is related to the user's activity of reviewing the comments or recommendations from previous consumers or their friends in social media.
 - The second type is associated with the user's activities of creating individual or custom connectivity via social media.
- Research results reveal that these two types of activities in the social media environment significantly impact users purchasing behavior, especially on their purchasing decision.



Conclusion

Contribution of this paper:

- determining the differences in purchase activities in social media usage
- reviews and comments from previous consumers as main activities of eWOM have to be an important component of company's online social media strategy
- making the better interaction with the actual and potential users in the context of social media.
- The main limitation of this study is a limited sample.

Future research suggestions:

 expand the sample to give greater strength to the analysis by adding more variables or using the current one within different contexts or the country.



Thank you!

- For any additional questions or suggestions please contact my mail:
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